

	Computing Knowledge Sequencing at Patrington Primary
Computing Understanding, Knowle	dge and Skills objectives:
Intent:	Our computing aim at Patrington CE Primary Academy is to ensure that all of our children leave with the knowledge and ability to be successful, discerning and safe in an ever-growing technologically driven world.
	In our school, computing is an essential part of the curriculum, it is not only taught as a stand alone lesson, but also intertwined across all subjects.
	We teach a curriculum which aims to ensure that all pupils can:
	 Understand and apply the essential principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation; Analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems; Evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems Communicate ideas creatively, confidently and competently using information and communication technology.
Implementation:	At Patrington CE Primary Academy, we teach a computing curriculum which both supports and challenges the learning of all of our pupils within the strands of:
	 Digital Literacy: Use technology safely and responsibly, recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour and identify how to raise concerns; Information Technology:Search, collect, design and evaluate information; Computer Science: Logical reasoning and solving problems through coding. Children are encouraged to become independent learners whereby they solve problems by applying their knowledge and developing their natural curiosity further.

	In order to ensure effective and efficient learning occurs, staff plan sequences of progressive lessons which build upon children's prior learning and promote the development of key skills. This planning and teaching is monitored regularly and informs additional CPD needs and action plans. Staff training is used to share effective practice, support teacher's confidence and develop their skills. We have invested in chromebooks across the school which has developed each child's learning and encouraged them to be creative, think critically and work collaboratively.
Impact:	Online learning journals, cross-curricular subject work books, pupil voice feedback and learning walks will provide evidence of:
	 Cross-curricular learning with a clear progression of skills in Digital Literacy, Information Technology and Computer Science; Awareness of E-Safety procedures
	Our Computing curriculum will equip children not only with the skills and knowledge to learn and grow in the digital world we live in, but more importantly in a safe and secure manner. They will be able to apply the British Values of democracy, tolerance, mutual respect, rule of law and liberty when using digital systems.
Substantive knowledge in Computing:	By the end of KS2, children will know how different technology is used in our lives; they will have developed knowledge of Digital Literacy; they will understand the basic principles of programming and coding and they will know how to stay safe using the internet.
Disciplinary knowledge in Computing:	Our Computing curriculum will equip children not only with the skills and knowledge to learn and grow in the digital world we live in, but more importantly in a safe and secure manner. They will be able to apply the British Values of democracy, tolerance, mutual respect, rule of law and liberty when using digital systems.
Computing:	The study of computers, how they work and data application to real world problems.

Computer Science

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Learning how to operate a camera to take photographs of meaningful creations or moments Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to develop familiarity and introduce relevant vocabulary Learning how to operate a camera Recognising that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools Learning what a keyboard is and how to locate relevant keys Learning what a mouse is and developing basic	Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to find out how it works Understanding that computers and devices around us use inputs and outputs, identifying some of these Learning where keys are located on the keyboard Learning how to operate a camera	Understanding what a computer is and that it's made up of different components Recognising that buttons cause effects and that technology follows instructions Learning how we know that technology is doing what we want it to do via its output. Using greater control when taking photos with tablets or computers Developing confidence with the keyboard and the basics of	Understanding what the different components of a computer do and how they work together Drawing comparisons across different types of computers Learning what a server does	Learning about the purpose of routers	Learning that external devices can be programmed by a separate computer Learning the difference between ROM and RAM Recognising how the size of RAM affects the processing of data Understanding the fetch, decode, execute cycle	Learning about the history of computers and how they have evolved over time Using the understanding of historic computers to design a computer of the future Understanding and identifying barcodes, QR codes and RFID Identifying devices and applications that can scan or read barcodes, QR codes and RFID Acknowledging that corruption can happen within data during transfer (for example when downloading, installing, copying and updating files)

mouse skills such as moving and clicking						
		No	etworks and Data Rep	presentation		
	Understanding what the internet is		Learning what a network is and its purpose Identifying the key components within a network, including whether they are wired or wireless Recognising links between networks and the internet Learning how data is transferred	Consolidating understanding of the key components of a network Understanding that websites & videos are files that are shared from one computer to another Learning about the role of packets Understanding that computer networks provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and opportunities for communication	Learning the vocabulary associated with data: data and transmit Learning how the data for digital images can be compressed Recognising that computers transfer data in binary and understanding simple binary addition Relating binary signals (Boolean) to the simple character-based language, ASCII Learning that messages can be sent by binary code, reading binary up to 8 characters and carrying out binary calculations Understanding how bit patterns represent images as pixels	Understanding that computer networks provide multiple services

			Computational th	ninking		
Using logical reasoning to read simple instructions and predict the outcome	Learning that decomposition means breaking a problem down into smaller parts Using decomposition to solve unplugged challenges Using logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs Developing the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities Learning that an algorithm is a set of step by step instructions used to carry out a task, in a specific order Follow a basic set of instructions	Articulating what decomposition is Decomposing a game to predict the algorithms used to create it Using decomposition to decompose a story into smaller parts Learning what abstraction is Learning that there are different levels of abstraction Explaining what an algorithm is Following an algorithm Creating a clear and precise algorithm Learning that computers use algorithms to make predictions	Using decomposition to explain the parts of a laptop computer Using decomposition to explore the code behind an animation Using repetition in programs Understanding that computers follow instructions Using an algorithm to explain the roles of different parts of a computer Using logical reasoning to explain how simple algorithms work Explaining the purpose of an algorithm Forming algorithms independently	Solving unplugged problems by decomposing them into smaller parts Using decomposition to understand the purpose of a script of code Using decomposition to help solve problems Identifying patterns through unplugged activities Using past experiences to help solve new problems Using abstraction to identify the important parts when completing both plugged and unplugged activities Creating algorithms for a specific purpose	Decomposing animations into a series of images Decomposing a program without support Decomposing a story to be able to plan a program to tell a story Predicting how software will work based on previous experience Writing more complex algorithms for a purpose	Decomposing a program into an algorithm Using past experiences to help solve new problems Writing increasingly complex algorithms for a purpose

	Assembling instructions into a simple algorithm	Learning that programs execute by following precise instructions Incorporating loops within algorithms				
			Programmin	g		
Following instructions as part of practical activities and games and learning to debug when things go wrong Learning to give simple instructions Learning that an algorithm is a set of instructions to carry out a task, in a specific order Experimenting with programming a Bee-bot/Bluebot and learning how to give simple commands Learning to debug instructions, with the	Programming a Bee-bot/Virtual Bee-bot to follow a planned route Learning to debug instructions when things go wrong Developing a howto video to explain how the Bee-bot works. Learning to debug an algorithm in an unplugged scenario	Using logical thinking to explore software, predicting, testing and explaining what it does Using an algorithm to write a basic computer program Learning what loops are Incorporating loops to make code more efficient	Using logical thinking to explore more complex software; predicting, testing and explaining what it does Incorporating loops to make code more efficient Remixing existing code Using a more systematic approach to debugging code, justifying what is wrong and how it can be corrected	Understanding that websites can be altered by exploring the code beneath the site Coding a simple game Using abstraction and pattern recognition to modify code Incorporating variables to make code more efficient Remixing existing code Using a more systematic approach to debugging code, justifying what is wrong and how it can be corrected	Programming an animation Iterating and developing their programming as they work Beginning to use nested loops (loops within loops) Debugging their own code Writing code to create a desired effect Using a range of programming commands Using repetition within a program Amending code within a live scenario	Debugging quickly and effectively to make a program more efficient Remixing existing code to explore a problem Using and adapting nested loops Programming using the language Python Changing a program to personalise it Evaluating code to understand its purpose Predicting code and adapting it to a chosen purpose Altering a website's code to create changes

help of an adult,			
when things go			
wrong			

Information technology

	Using software									
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6				
Using a simple online paint tool to create digital art	Using a basic range of tools within graphic editing software Taking and editing photographs Understanding how to create digital art using an online paint tool Developing control of the mouse through dragging, clicking and resizing of images to create different effects	Developing word processing skills, including altering text, copying and pasting and using keyboard shortcuts Using word processing software to type and reformat text Using software to create story animations Creating and labelling images	Taking photographs and recording video to tell a story. Using software to edit and enhance their video adding music, sounds and text on screen with transitions	Building a web page and creating content for it Designing and creating a webpage for a given purpose Use Google online software for documents, presentations, forms and spreadsheets. Work collaboratively with others	Using logical thinking to explore software more independently, making predictions based on their previous experience Using a software programme (Sonic Pi or Scratch) to create music Using video editing software or animation software to animate Identify ways to improve and edit programs, videos, images etc. Independently learning how to use 3D design	Using logical thinking to explore software independently, iterating ideas and testing continuously Using search and word processing skills to create a presentation Planning, recording and editing a radio play Creating and editing sound recordings for a specific purpose Creating and editing videos, adding multiple elements: music, voiceover, sound, text				

	Developing understanding of different software tools				software package TinkerCAD	and transitions to create a video advert Using design software TinkerCAD to design a product Creating a website with embedded links and multiple pages
Participating in group image searches, led by the teacher	Searching and downloading images from the internet safely Understanding that we are connected to others when using the internet	Understanding that personal information should not be shared on the internet. Learning how to be respectful to others when sharing content online.	Learning to log in and out of an email account Writing an email including a subject, 'to' and 'from' Sending an email with an attachment Replying to an email Identifying useful terms and phrases for search engines	Understanding why some results come before others when searching Understanding that information on the internet is not all grounded in fact	Developing searching skills to help find relevant information on the internet Understanding how apps can access our personal information and how to alter the permissions.	Understanding how search engines work

Danuaranti:	Indus direction to	Calla sting and discussion.		Designing a constitut		
Representing data through sorting and categorising objects in unplugged scenarios Representing data through pictograms Exploring branch	Introduction to spreadsheets Representing data in tables, charts and pictograms Sorting data and creating branching databases	Collecting and inputting data into a spreadsheet Interpreting data	Understanding the vocabulary associated with databases: field, record, data Learning about the pros and cons of digital versus paper databases Sorting and filtering	Designing a weather station which gathers and records sensor data	Understanding how data is collected	Understanding how barcodes QR codes and RFID work Gathering and analysing data in real time Creating formulas and sorting data within spreadsheets
databases through	Identifying where digital content can have advantages over paper when storing and manipulating data		databases to easily retrieve information Creating and interpreting charts and graphs to understand data			
			Wider use of tech	nnology		
	Recognising common uses of information technology, including beyond school Understanding some of the ways we can use the internet	Learning how computers are used in the wider world	Understanding the purpose of emails. Learning what a search engine is Recognising how social media platforms are used to interact	Understanding that software can be used collaboratively online to work as a team	Learn about different forms of communication that have developed with the use of technology	Learning about the Internet of Things and how it has led to 'big data'. Learning how 'big data' can be used to solve a problem or improve efficiency

Digital literacy

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Recognising that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools Learning to log in and log out When using the internet alongside an adult, or independently, learning what to do if they come across something that worries them or makes them feel uncomfortable	Logging in and out and saving work on their own account Understand the importance of a password When using the internet to search for images, learning what to do if they come across something online that worries them or makes them feel uncomfortable Recognising when someone has been unkind online Learning some top tips for staying safe online	Understanding that personal information should not be shared on the internet. Learning how to be respectful to others when sharing content online.	Learning to be a responsible digital citizen; understanding their responsibilities to treat others respectfully and recognising when digital behaviour is unkind Learning about cyberbullying Learning that not all emails are genuine, recognising when an email might be fake and what to do about it Learning that not all information on the internet is factual Understanding who personal information should/ should not be shared with	Recognising what appropriate behaviour is when collaborating with others online Recognising that information on the Internet might not be true or correct and that some sources are more trustworthy than others Learning about different forms of advertising on the internet.	Learning about how permissions work and how to change them Identifying possible issues with online communication Considering the effects of screen-time on physical and mental wellbeing Learning about online bullying and where to seek advice	Understanding the importance of secure passwords and how to create them, along with two-step authentication Using search engines safely and effectively Recognising that updated software can help to prevent data corruption and hacking Considering their digital footprint and online reputation and future implications they may have Learning about how to collect evidence and report online bullying concerns

Understanding how			
we 'share'			
information on the			
internet			